Regular Verbs (Pages 53 ff.; 412 ff.)

1st conjugation voco vocare vocavi vocatus - call 2nd conjugation moneo monere monui monitus - warn

Present Stem = (used to make the present, imperfect, future) Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) - *re*

Present stem = voca mone

Perfect Stem = (used to make the perfect, pluperfect, future perfect) Perfect Active Indicative (3rd principal part of verb) - i

Perfect stem = vocav monu

Tense Rule **Translation** (1st & 2nd Conjugation Verbs) (am, is are; do, does; simple present) **Present** Present Stem + PE **Imperfect** Present Stem + ba + PE(was, were; used to; did) Future Present Stem + bi + PE(shall/will) **All Latin Verbs (Regular and Irregular) Perfect** Perfect Stem + i, isti ,it, imus, istis, erunt (has, have; simple past) **Pluperfect** Perfect Stem + eram, eras erat, eramus, eratis, erant (had) **Future Perfect** Perfect Stem + ero, eris, erit,

(shall have/will have)

erimus, eritis, erint

Regular 1st and 2nd Conjugation Verbs

voco vocare call moneo monere warn

Present		Imperfect		Future	
voco	moneo	vocabam	monebam	vocabo	monebo
vocas	mones	vocabas	monebas	vocabis	monebis
vocat	monet	vocabat	monebat	vocabit	monebit
vocamus	monemus	vocabamus	monebamus	vocabimus	monebimus
vocatis	monetis	vocabatis	monebatis	vocabitis	monebitis
vocant	monent	vocabant	monebant	vocabunt	monebunt

Irregular Verb sum esse be

Present	Imperfect	Future
sum	eram	ero
es	eras	eris
est	erat	erit
sumus	eramus	erimus
estis	eratis	eritis
sunt	erant	erunt

voco vocare vocavi vocatus - call perfect stem = vocav

```
1. vocav + i
                                    I have called, I called
                     vocavi
                  = vocavisti
2. vocav + isti
                                    you have called, you called
3. vocav + it
                                    he has called, he called
                  = vocavit
1. vocav + imus
                  = vocavimus
                                    we have called, we called
                                    you have called, you called
2. vocav + istis
                  = vocavistis
                                    they have called, they called
3. vocav + erunt
                     vocaverunt
```

voco vocare vocavi vocatus - call perfect stem = vocav

```
I had called
1. vocav + era + m
                             vocaveram
                                            you had called
2. vocav + era + s
                             vocaveras
                                            he had called
3. vocav + era + t
                             vocaverat
                                            we had called
1. vocav + era + mus =
                             vocaveramus
2. vocav + era + tis
                                            you had called
                             vocaveratis
                                            they had called
3. vocav + era + nt
                             vocaverant
```

voco vocare vocavi vocatus - call perfect stem = vocav

1. vocav + eri + o	=	vocavero	I shall have called
2. vocav + eri + s	=	vocaveris	you will have called
3. vocav + eri + t	=	vocaverit	he will have called
1. vocav + eri + mus	=	vocaverimus	we shall have called
2. vocav + eri + tis	=	vocaveritis	you will have called
3. vocav + eri + nt	=	vocaverint	they will have called

Regular Verbs = Verbs which follow a set of rules for their conjugation and translation.

Pres. Pres. Perf. Perf.
Act. Act. Act. Pass.
Indic. Infin. Indic. Participle

1st conjugation voco vocare vocavi vocatus – call

2nd conjugation *moneo monere monui monitus* – warn

Reg. 3rd conjugation rego regere rexi rectus - rule

Tense

Rule

Translation

Active and Passive Voice

(1st & 2nd conj.)

(Reg. 3rd conj.)

Present

Pres. Stem + PE

Pres. Root + i + PE

(am, is are; do, does;

simple pres.)

Pres. Stem +ba + PE Pres. Root +eba + PE

(was, were; used to;

did)

Future

Pres. Stem + bi + PE Pres. Root + a/e + PE

(shall/will)

Present Stem = Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) - *re*

Present Root = Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) - *ere*

Present Tense of *rego regere* – rule

(Pages 184 - 185)

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Root + i +Personal Endings

1. $reg+i+o$	=	rego	I rule, I am ruling, I do rule
2. $reg+i+s$	=	regis	you rule, you are ruling, you do rule
3. $reg+i+t$	=	regit	he rules, he is ruling, he does rule
1. $reg+i+mus$	=	regimus	we rule, we are ruling, we do rule
2. $reg+i+tis$	=	regitis	you rule, you are ruling, you do rule
3. $reg+i+nt$	=	reg <i>unt</i>	they rule, they are ruling, they do rule

(Passive Voice) Rule = Present Root + i + Personal Endings

```
1. reg+i+or = regor I am (being) ruled

2. reg+i+ris = regeris you are (being) ruled

3. reg+i+tur = regitur he is (being) ruled

1. reg+i+mur = regimur we are (being) ruled

2. reg+i+mini = regimini you are (being) ruled

3. Reg+i+ntur = reguntur they are (being) ruled
```

Imperfect Tense of *rego regere* – rule

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Root + eba +Personal Endings

1. $reg+eba+m$	=	reg <i>ebam</i>	I was ruling, used to rule, did rule
2. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>s</i>	=	regebas	you were ruling, used to rule, did rule
$3. \operatorname{reg} + eba + t$	=	reg <i>ebat</i>	he was ruling, used to rule, did rule
1. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>mus</i>	=	regebamus	we were ruling, used to rule, did rule
2. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>tis</i>	=	reg <i>ebatis</i>	you were ruling, used to rule, did rule
$3. \operatorname{reg} + eba + nt$	=	regebant	they were ruling, used to rule, did rule

(Passive Voice) Rule = Present Root + eba + Personal Endings

1. $reg+eba+r$	=	reg <i>ebar</i>	I was (being) ruled
2. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>ris</i>	=	reg <i>ebaris</i>	you were (being) ruled
3. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>tur</i>	=	reg <i>ebatur</i>	he was (being) ruled
1. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>mur</i>	=	reg <i>ebamur</i>	we were (being) ruled
2. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>mini</i>	=	reg <i>ebamini</i>	you were (being) ruled
3. reg+ <i>eba</i> + <i>ntur</i>	=	reg <i>ebantur</i>	they were (being) ruled

Future Tense of *rego regere* – rule

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Root + a/e +Personal Endings

```
1. reg+a+m= regamI shall rule2. reg+e+s= regesyou will rule3. reg+e+t= regethe will rule1. reg+e+mus= regemuswe shall rule2. reg+e+tis= regetisyou will rule3. reg+e+nt= regentthey will rule
```

(Passive Voice) Rule = Present Root + a/e + Personal Endings

```
1. reg+a+r = regar I shall be ruled

2. reg+e+ris = regeris you will be ruled

3. reg+e+tur = regetur he will be ruled

1. reg+e+mur = regemur we shall be ruled

2. reg+e+mini = regemini you will be ruled

3. reg+e+ntur = regemini they will be ruled
```

Review of "io" Third Conjugation Verbs

	Pres. Act. Indic.	Pres. Act. Infin.	Perf. Act. Indic.	Perf. Pass. Participle
1st conjugation	voco	vocare	vocavi	vocatus - call
2nd conjugation	moneo	mon e re	monui	<i>monitus</i> - warn
Reg. 3 rd conjugation	rego	regere	rexi	<i>rectus</i> - rule
<i>"io"</i> 3 rd conjugation	capio	capere	cepi	captus - take

Tense

Rule

Translation

Active and Passive Voice

(1st & 2nd conj.) (Reg. 3rd conj.)

Present Pres. Stem + PE Pres. Root + i + PE

(am, is are; do, does;

simple pres.)

Pres. Stem +ba + PE Pres. Root +eba + PEImperfect

(was, were; used to;

did)

Future

Pres. Stem + bi + PE Pres. Root + a/e + PE

(shall/will)

Present Stem = Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) - re

Present Root = Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) – *ere*

"io" verbs of the third conjugation add an i to the present root.

Present Tense of capio capere – take

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Root + i +Personal Endings

1. cap <i>i</i> + <i>o</i>	=	capi <i>o</i>	I take, am taking, do take
2. cap <i>i</i> + <i>s</i>	=	capis	you take, are taking, do take
3. $cap i + t$	=	capi <i>t</i>	he takes, is taking, does take
1. cap <i>i+mus</i>	=	capimus	we take, are taking, do take
2. cap <i>i+tis</i>	=	capi <i>tis</i>	you take, are taking, do take
3. $capi+nt$	=	capi <i>unt</i>	they take, are taking, do take

(Passive Voice) Rule = Present Root + i + Personal Endings

```
1. capi+or = capi or I am (being) taken

2. capi+ris = cape or you are (being) taken

3. capi+tur = capi or he is (being) taken

1. capi+mur = capi or we are (being) taken

2. capi+mini = capi or you are (being) taken

3. capi+ntur = capi or united you are (being) taken

4. capi+mini = capi or united you are (being) taken

5. capi+ntur = capi or united you are (being) taken
```

Imperfect Tense of *capio capere* – take (Active Voice) Rule = Present Root + eba +Personal Endings

1. capi+eba+m = capiebam I was taking, used to take, did take
2. capi+eba+s = capiebas you were taking, used to take, did take
3. capi+eba+t = capiebat he was taking, used to take, did take
1. capi+eba+mus = capiebamus we were taking, used to take, did take
2. capi+eba+tis = capiebatis you were taking, used to take, did take
3. capi+eba+nt = capiebant they were taking, used to take, did take

(Passive Voice) Rule = Present Root + eba + Personal Endings

1. capi+eba+r = capiebar I was (being) taken 2. capi+eba+ris = capiebaris you were (being) taken 3. capi+eba+tur = capiebatur he was (being) taken 1. capi+eba+mur = capiebamur we were (being) taken 2. capi+eba+mini = capiebamini you were (being) taken 3. capi+eba+ntur = capiebantur they were (being) taken

Future Tense of *capio capere* – take

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Root + a/e +Personal Endings

```
1. capi+a+m = capiam I shall take

2. capi+e+s = capies you will take

3. capi+e+t = capiet he will take

1. capi+e+mus = capiemus we shall take

2. capi+e+tis = capietis you will take

3. capi+e+nt = capient they will take
```

(Passive Voice) Rule = Present Root + a/e + Personal Endings

```
1. capi+a+r = capiar I shall be taken

2. capi+e+ris = capieris you will be taken

3. capi+e+tur = capietur he will be taken

1. capi+e+mur = capiemur we shall be taken

2. capi+e+mini = capiemini you will be taken

3. capi+e+ntur = capientur they will be taken
```

All Latin Verbs (Regular and Irregular)

(Review Sheet)

Perfect, Pluperfect, Future Perfect Tenses, Active Voice

Perfect Perfect Stem + i, isti, it,

imus, istis, erunt

(has, have; simple past)

Pluperfect Perfect Stem + eram, eras erat,

eramus, eratis, erant

(had)

Future Perfect Perfect Stem + ero, eris, erit,

erimus, eritis, erint

(shall have/will have)

Review of Fourth Conjugation Verbs

	Pres. Act. Indic.	Pres. Act. Infin.	Perf. Act. Indic.	Perf. Pass. Participle
1st conjugation	voco	vocare	vocavi	vocatus - call
2nd conjugation	moneo	mon e re	monui	monitus - warn
Reg. 3 rd conjugation	rego	regere	rexi	<i>rectus</i> - rule
"io" 3rd conjugation	capio	capere	cepi	captus - take
4 th conjugation	audio	audire	audivi	<i>auditus</i> - hear

Tense

Rule

Active and Passive Voice

(1st & 2nd conj.)

(Reg. 3rd conj.)

(4th conj.)

Present

Pres. Stem + PE

Pres. Root + i + PE

Pres. Stem + PE

Imperfect Pres. Stem +ba + PE Pres. Root +eba + PE

Pres. Stem + eba + PE

Future

Pres. Stem + bi + PE Pres. Root + a/e + PE

Pres. Stem +a/e + PE

Present Stem = Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) - *re*

Present Root = Present Active Infinitive (2nd principal part of verb) – *ere*

"io" verbs of the third conjugation add an i to the present root.

Present Tense of audio audire – hear

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Stem + Personal Endings

1. audi+ <i>o</i>	=	audi <i>o</i>	I hear, am hearing, do hear
2. $audi+s$	=	audis	you hear, are hearing, do hear
3. audi+ <i>t</i>	=	audi <i>t</i>	he hears, is hearing, does hear
1. audi+ <i>mus</i>	=	audi <i>mus</i>	we hear, are hearing, do hear
2. audi+tis	=	audi <i>tis</i>	you hear, are hearing, do hear
3. audi+ <i>nt</i>	=	audi <i>unt</i>	they hear, are hearing, do hear

Imperfect Tense of *audio audire* – hear

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Stem + eba +Personal Endings

1. audi+ <i>eba</i> + <i>m</i>	=	audi <i>ebam</i>	I was hearing, used to hear, did hear
2. audi+ <i>eba</i> + <i>s</i>	=	audi <i>ebas</i>	you were hearing, used to hear, did hear
3. audi+ <i>eba</i> + <i>t</i>	=	audi <i>ebat</i>	he was hearing, used to hear, did hear
1. audi+ <i>eba</i> + <i>mus</i>	=	audi <i>ebamus</i>	we were hearing, used to hear, did hear
2. audi+ <i>eba</i> + <i>tis</i>	=	audi <i>ebatis</i>	you were hearing, used to hear, did hear
3. audi+ <i>eba</i> + <i>nt</i>	=	audi <i>ebant</i>	they were hearing, used to hear, did hear

Future Tense of *audio audire* – hear

(Active Voice) Rule = Present Stem + a/e +Personal Endings

```
audiam
                               I shall hear
1. audi+a+m
                                you will hear
2. audi+e+s
                = audies
                               he will hear
3. audi+e+t
               = audiet
1. audi+e+mus
               = audiemus
                                we shall hear
2. audi+e+tis
               = audietis
                               you will hear
                                they will hear
3. audi+e+nt
                  audient
```

Perfect Tense

- 1. audiv+i = I have heard
- 2. audiv+ isti = you have heard
- 3. audiv+it = he has heard
- 1. audiv+imus = we have heard
- 2. audiv+istis = you have heard
- 3. audiv+erunt = have heard

Pluperfect Tense

1. audiv+eram = I had heard

2. audiv+eras = you had heard

3. audiv+erat = he had heard

1. audiv+eramus = we had heard

2. audiv+eratis = you had heard

3. audiv+erant = they had heard

Future Perfect Tense

1. audiv+ero = I will have heard

2. audiv+eris = you will have heard

3. audiv+erit = he will have heard

1. audiv+erimus = we will have heard

2. audiv+eritis = you will have heard

3. audiv+erint = hey will have heard

All Latin Verbs (Regular and Irregular)

(Review Sheet)

Perfect, Pluperfect, Future Perfect Tenses, Active Voice

Perfect Perfect Stem + i, isti, it,

imus, istis, erunt

(has, have; simple past)

Pluperfect Perfect Stem + eram, eras erat,

eramus, eratis, erant

(had)

Future Perfect Perfect Stem + ero, eris, erit,

erimus, eritis, erint

(shall have/will have)